# **Cheltenham Borough Council**

# Licensing Sub - Committee (Alcohol and Gambling) - 1 October 2025

# Licensing Act 2003: Determination of a New Application for a Premises Licence

Cheltenham Local - 25/01584/PRMA

216-218 Hewlett Road, Cheltenham

## Report of the Licensing Officer

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 The Licensing Act 2003 (LA2003) allows an applicant to apply for a premises licence under Part 3 which, if granted, authorises the premises to be used for one or more licensable activities.
- 1.2 An application for a new premises licence was submitted by Gaba Ventures Ltd on 10<sup>th</sup> August 2025. The application is for the premises known as the Cheltenham Local, 216-218 Hewlett Road, Cheltenham, GL52 6UJ. The application was considered received in full on 15<sup>th</sup> August 2025.
- 1.3 The application is made for the following licensable activities:

Supply of alcohol

Every day

00:00 - 23:59

The applicant wishes to operate exclusively through a secure serving hatch between 23:00 – 07:00 meaning customers will not enter the store during this time period.

- 1.4 There is already an existing licence for this premises which has consent for the sale/supply of alcohol from 06:00 23:00.
- 1.5 The consultation period for the application ended on 13<sup>th</sup> September 2025
- 1.6 During the consultation period for the application, relevant representations were received. The authority is required to hold a hearing; have regard to the representations; and take such steps as below as is considered appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objections.
- 1.7 The authority may:
- 1.7.1Grant the licence as applied for; or
- 1.7.2Grant the licence subject to modified conditions considered appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives; or
- 1.7.3Exclude from the scope of the licence any of the licensable activities to which the application relates; or
- 1.7.4Refuse to specify a person in the licence as the premises supervisor; or
- 1.7.5Reject the application.

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- 1.8 In determining the application, the authority must promote the licensing objectives, which are defined as follows in section 4(2) of the LA2003:
- 1.8.1 The prevention of crime and disorder;
- 1.8.2 Public safety;
- 1.8.3 The prevention of public nuisance; and
- 1.8.4 The protection of children from harm.

#### 1.9 **Implications**

Legal

A sub committee is required to discharge its duty and determine an application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives as outlined in section 1.8 of the report.

The applicant has a right of appeal where the authority:

- a) Rejects an application for a premises licence; or
- b) Imposes conditions on the licence; or
- c) Excludes a licensable activity or refusal of specifing a person as a premises supervisor.

A person who made relevant representations has a right of appeal where they contend:

- a) The licence ought not to have been granted; or
- b) That, on granting the licence, the authority ought to have imposed different or additioanl conditions; or
- c) That, on granting the licence, the authority ought to have excluded a licensable activity or refused to specify a person a as a premises supervisor.

In all circumstances, an appeal is made to the magistrates' court within 21 days beginning with the day on which the appellant was notified of the decision of the authority.

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#### 2. Representations

2.1 Relevant representations were received from both responsible authorities and other interested parties.

#### Responsible authorities

- 2.2 Responses were received from both Gloucestershire Constabulary and Environmental Health.
- 2.3 Gloucestershire Constabulary has agreed a set of conditions with the applicant. These are attached at Appendix 2 of this report.
- 2.4 Environmental Health submitted a representation in which it emphasises its concerns over the use of the serving hatch during the proposed timeframe overnight. This was not an objection. A copy of the final response from Environmental Health is included as **Appendix 3** of this report.

#### Interested parties

2.5 A further eight representations were received from interested parties. This comprises eight objections which highlight possible anti-social behaviour, noise concerns and public nuisance. These are attached at **Appendix 4** of this report.

## 3. Policy considerations

- 3.1 Every five years, a licensing authority is required to determine and publish a policy with respect to the exercise of its licensing functions.
- 3.2 Members should familiarise themselves with Cheltenham Borough Council's *Statement of Licensing Policy* in full, and <u>a copy is available online</u>.
- 3.3 The policy seeks to outline the processes the authority will adopt in dealing with its functions under the LA2003, and does so in accordance with the following objectives:
  - a) Promote the four licensing objectives;
  - b) Ensure that the premises are appropriate for their proposed use;
  - c) Ensure that the premises layout and condition is acceptable for the proposed use;
  - d) Ensure that the premises are being managed responsibly; and
  - e) Promote the policy vision statement.
- 3.4 For reference, the policy vision statement is as follows:

We want Cheltenham to be a safe and clean town that offers a greater diversity in the nighttime economy that is less focused on alcohol and protects the quality of life for residents.

- 3.5 The policy also seeks to promote the council's wider priorities, including that:
  - Cheltenham has a clean and well-maintained environment;
  - Cheltenham has a strong and sustainable economy;
  - Communities feel safe and are safe;
  - People are able to lead healthy lifestyles; and
  - Our residents enjoy a strong sense of community and are involved in resolving local issues.
- 3.6 Whilst the policy should be used as the basis of consistent and transparent decision making, the overriding principle adopted by the authority is that each application must be determined on its own merits.
- 3.7 In doing so, Members must give equal importance to each of the four licensing objectives and should have regard to wider considerations affecting the area including littering, noise, street crime, and the capacity of infrastructure.
- 3.8 The applicant should be able to demonstrate compliance with all four of the licensing objectives.

#### Crime and disorder

- 3.9 The applicant should be able to demonstrate they have addressed factors that impact on crime and disorder, including:
  - a) Underage drinking;
  - b) Drunkenness on premises;
  - c) Public drunkenness;

- d) Drugs;
- e) Violent behaviour; and / or
- f) Anti-social behaviour
- 3.10 Members should be confident the applicant has identified suitable and sufficient measures to deal with the factors outlined above.

#### **Public safety**

3.11 The applicant must be able to satisfy the authority that members of the public, and their staff, will be safe when visiting and working at the premises.

#### **Public nuisance**

- 3.12 Members can expect the applicant to outline the proposed steps to be taken to deal with the potential for public nuisance arising from the operation of the premises.
- 3.13 Applicants are expected to have included measures that:
  - a) Restrict the generation of noise within the premises and from activities associated with the premises in the vicinity, or from an open air site;
  - b) Limit the escape of noise from the premises or open air site;
  - c) Restrict noise emissions to below levels that could affect people in the vicinity going about their business, at work and when at home both while relaxing and while sleeping;
  - d) Minimise and control noise from customers arriving at the premises, or open air site outside it and departing from it;
  - e) Minimise and control noise from staff, contractors and suppliers and their activities;
  - f) Minimise and control noise from vehicles associated with and providing services to the premises or open air site and their customers;
  - g) Determine whether people standing or sitting outside premises are likely to cause obstruction or other nuisance;
  - h) Whether the premises are under or near to residential accommodation;
  - The hours of the sale of alcohol in open containers or food for consumption outside the premises;
  - j) Measures to make sure that customers move away from outside premises when such sales cease:
  - k) Measures to collect drinking vessels and crockery, cutlery and litter;
  - I) The extent and location of areas proposed to be set aside for the consumption of food and alcohol drink and for smoking;
  - m) Whether there is a need for door supervisors to prevent or to control customers congregating in outdoor areas to smoke, consume food or drink (whether supplied from the premises or not);
  - n) Adequate measures to prevent the following arising from the proposed licensable activity that may cause disturbance to people in the vicinity:
    - a. Litter, smells, fumes, dust, smoke, or other emissions;
    - b. Street fouling;
    - c. Light pollution.
- 3.14 Members should be mindful that noises can be particularly intrusive at night when ambient noise levels are lower. It is the authority's role, accordingly, to maintain a balance between the aspirations of the applicant and the needs of residents, other businesses, workers, shoppers, and visitors.

#### Protection of children from harm

- 3.15 Members must be satisfied that there are appropriate measures in place to protect children from harm.
- 3.16 It is an offence to sell alcohol to children; in this context, individuals under 18.

#### **Core Hours for Licensable Activities**

3.17 The authority believes that licensable activities carried on within the core hours set out below will generally not have a harmful impact on the licensing objectives, address the concerns raised by local residents and businesses and are less likely to attract representations.

Type of premises	Commencement hour No earlier than	Terminal hour No later than
Off licence	09:00	23:00

Members should consider the context of the application, and the relevance of the core hours provided within the adopted Statement of Licensing Policy (Dec 2020).

#### 4. National Guidance

- 4.1 A licensing authority 'must ... have regard to' any guidance issued by the Secretary of State under section 182 of the LA2003.
- 4.2 The guidance considers each of the licensing objectives in detail, highlighting that they are of equal importance and that their promotion should be a paramount consideration at all times.

#### Crime and disorder

- 4.3 The authority should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder.
- 4.4 Where it is felt appropriate to impose conditions relating to the control of crime and disorder, they should be, by design, focussed on deterrence and prevention.
- 4.5 The presence of CCTV cameras, for example, can actively deter disorder, nuisance, antisocial behaviour and crime generally. The inclusion of radio links could also be considered an appropriate condition for those premises operating in town centre leisure areas to assist in facilitating a rapid response to any disorder.

#### Public safety

- 4.6 Licence holders have a responsibility to ensure the safety of those using their premises. As outlined in section 2.9, considerations should include:
  - Fire safety;
  - Ensuring appropriate access for emergency services such as ambulances;
  - Good communication with local authorities and emergency services:
  - Ensuring the presence of trained first aiders on the premises and appropriate first aid kits:
  - Ensuring the safety of people when leaving the premises (for example, through the provision of information on late-night transportation);
  - Ensuring appropriate and frequent waste disposal;
  - Ensuring appropriate limits on the maximum capacity of the premises; and
  - Considering the use of CCTV in and around the premises.
- 4.7 Conditions related to public safety may also promote the crime and disorder objectives highlighted above.

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#### Public nuisance

- 4.8 When considering public nuisance, the licensing authority and responsible authorities should focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise, light, odour and litter.
- 4.9 Within the LA2003, public nuisance retains its broad common law meaning, rather than a statutory meaning as in other pieces of legislation.
- 4.10 Where applications have generated representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive time periods, such as the night and early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to sleep or are sleeping.
- 4.11 Conditions which are imposed with the intention of preventing public nuisance will usually concern the control of noise; this may be achieved by a simple measure, such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a certain time. They can, however, be more sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts.
- 4.12 As always, conditions should be appropriate and proportionate, and should be tailored to the type, nature, and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities.
- 4.13 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, public nuisance is a matter for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law if they choose to engage in anti-social behaviour, they are accountable in their own right. It would, however, be perfectly reasonable for the authority, following relevant representations, to impose conditions relating to the display of signs encouraging patrons to leave the area quietly, or that they smoke at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

#### Protection of children from harm

- 4.14 The protection of children from harm includes the protection of children from moral, psychological and physical harm. This includes the harms associated directly with alcohol consumption, but also wider harms such as exposure to strong language and sexual expletives.
- 4.15 Licensing authorities and responsible authorities should expect applicants to set out the steps to be taken to protect children from harm.

#### Representations

- 4.16 Where representations are made in respect of an application under the LA2003, they must be relevant, insofar as they relate to the likely effect of the grant of the licence on the promotion of at least one of the licensing objectives.
- 4.17 Where relevant representations are received from a responsible authority, they should be the authority's main source of advice in relation to a particular licensing objective.
- 4.18 Determination should take into account any relevant representations and must be considered on a case-by-case basis. It should be evidence-based and justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate for what it is intended to achieve.
- 4.19 Where it is felt appropriate to attach conditions to a premises licence, the authority must be satisfied that they promote one of the four licensing objectives.
- 4.20 It may be that no additional conditions will be appropriate to promote the licensing objectives.

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4.21 However, where the applicant has proposed conditions in their operating schedule, it is not acceptable for the licensing authority to simply replicate the wording from the operating schedule. A condition should be interpreted in accordance with the applicant's intention and be appropriate and proportionate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

## 5. Licensing Comments

5.1 Members must determine this application on its individual merits with a view to promoting the licensing objectives. These are:

The prevention of crime and disorder;

Public safety;

The prevention of public nuisance; and

The protection of children from harm.

- 5.2 The consultation period attracted a total of eight representations from other interested parties, all of which were objections. The main concerns raised within the representations related to public noise and nuisance due to the extended opening hours.
- 5.3 Given the recommended core hours for an off-licence of 09:00 23:00, if the committee propose to make a decision contrary to the existing policy they must give clear, relevant and justifiable reasons why.
- 5.4 Environmental Health's concerns relate to the noise from the use of the hatch during the 23:00 07:00 timeframe overnight, while background noise for the area will be lower, the sole use of the hatch will generate noise from customers.
- 5.5 Gloucestershire Constabulary confirm in their proposed conditions that the serving hatch must be used exclusively during the hours 23:00 07:00 to try to minimise noise and public nuisance.
- 5.6 In determining the application, the Committee must give weight to:
  - The steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives;
  - The representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;
  - S182 Guidance; and
  - Its own statement of licensing policy.
- 5.7 Each application must be considered on its own merits.

**Background Papers** 

Service Records

**Licensing Act 2003** 

Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing

Act 2003

Cheltenham Borough Council's Licensing Act 2003 Licensing

**Policy Statement** 

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**Appendix List** 

APPENDIX 1 – A copy of the original application.

APPENDIX 2 – A copy of the conditions agreed with

Gloucestershire Constabulary.

APPENDIX 3 – A copy of Environmental Health's final response and comments regarding the application.

APPENDIX 4 – A copy of the representations from

members of the public

APPENDIX 5 – A copy of the response from the applicant

to Environmental Health